#### Course 3423 2017

#### Sheet 2

#### Due: after the lecture Thursday 16 November

### Exercise 1

Determine the zero order of f at 0:

- (i)  $f(z) = z \cos z \sin z;$
- (ii)  $f(z) = (\text{Log}(1 + z \sin z))^4$ ;
- (iii)  $f(z) = (1 + z^2 e^{z^2})^{10}$ .

### Exercise 2

Let  $(f_n)$  and  $(g_n)$  be compactly convergent sequences of holomorphic functions in  $\Omega$ .

- (i) Show that the sequences  $(f_n+g_n)$ ,  $(f_ng_n)$  and  $(\sin f_n)$  are also compactly convergent in  $\Omega$ .
- (ii) Is the same conclusion true with "compactly" replaced by "uniformly"?
- (iii) Suppose in addition that  $g_n$  has no zeros in  $\Omega$  for each n. Is the sequence  $f_n/g_n$  always compactly convergent in  $\Omega$ ?

## Exercise 3

- (i) Show that the sequence  $f_n(z) = z^{2n} + z^{n+1}$  converges uniformly on every compact subset of the unit disk  $\Omega := \{|z| < 1\}$  but not uniformly on  $\Omega$ .
- (ii) Show the similar property for the power series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-z)^{n^2+n}$ .

### Exercise 4

Find the maximal open set, where the sequence  $(f_n)$  converges compactly (uniformly on every compactum):

(i)  $f_n(z) = (z^2 + \frac{1}{2n})^3;$ (ii)  $f_n(z) = e^z - \frac{1}{nz};$ (iii)  $f_n(z) = e^{-n}z.$ 

## Exercise 5

Let

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n (z - z_0)^n, \quad g(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} b_n (z - z_0)^n$$

be Laurent series converging in a ring  $r < |z - z_0| < R$ . Find the formula for the Laurent series expansion of the product fg and show that it converges in the same ring.

# Exercise 6

Give examples of a connected open set (domain)  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{C}$  and a holomorphic function f in  $\Omega$  such that:

- (i)  $\Omega$  is bounded and  $f \neq 0$  has infinitely many zeros;
- (ii) the same as in (i) but f is, in addition, bounded on  $\Omega$ ;