

**Course 2E02 2015 (SF Engineers & MSISS & MEMS)****S h e e t 4**

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Due: at the end of the tutorial

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**Exercise 1**

Which of the following sets of vectors are linearly dependent?

- (i)  $(0, 1), (-1, -2)$ ;
- (ii)  $(0, -1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (-2, 0, -2)$ ;
- (iii)  $(0, 0, -1, 0, 0), (1, 2, 2, 1, 1), (1, 2, 0, 1, 1)$ .

**Exercise 2**

Which of the following sets of vectors are bases for the corresponding space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ? (The dimension  $n$  should be clear from the length of vectors.)

- (i)  $(-1, 2)$ ;
- (ii)  $(0, 1), (1, -2)$ ;
- (iii)  $(-2, -2), (3, 3)$ ;
- (iv)  $(1, -1), (5, -12), (-1, 1)$ ;
- (v)  $(1, 1, 2, 0), (-1, 1, 5, 3), (1, 3, 2, 1)$ ;
- (vi)  $(1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 0), (2, 1, -2)$ .

**Exercise 3**

Find the coordinates of the vector  $\mathbf{v}$  with respect to the basis  $\mathbf{v}_1, \dots, \mathbf{v}_n$  (i.e. the coefficients  $k_1, \dots, k_n$  in the representation  $\mathbf{v} = k_1\mathbf{v}_1 + \dots + k_n\mathbf{v}_n$ ):

- (i)  $\mathbf{v} = (2, -1), \mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 1), \mathbf{v}_2 = (-1, 2)$ ;
- (ii)  $\mathbf{v} = (1, 0, 1, -1), \mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 0, 1, 0), \mathbf{v}_2 = (1, 1, 0, 0), \mathbf{v}_3 = (0, 0, 1, 0), \mathbf{v}_4 = (1, 0, 0, 1)$ .