October 7, 2016 Lecturer Dmitri Zaitsev

Course 2E01 2016 (SF Engineers & MSISS & MEMS)

S h e e t 2

Due: at the end of the tutorial

Exercise 1

Find the matrix for the linear transformations T defined by the equations

(i) $w_1 = x_1, \quad w_2 = 2x_2 - x_1,$

(ii) $w_1 = -y, \quad w_2 = y + 2z, \quad w_3 = -x,$

and by the formulas

(iii) $T(x_1, x_2) = (-x_2, x_1),$

(iv) $T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_3, x_1 + x_2, x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3, -2x_1, x_3).$

Exercise 2

Find $T(\mathbf{x}) = A\mathbf{x}$ for the matrix A and the vector $\mathbf{x}$ whenever the product makes sense (i.e. the sizes of A and $\mathbf{x}$ fit together):

(i) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix},$

(ii) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$

Exercise 3

Use matrix multiplication to find:

(i) the reflection of the vector $(2, -1)$ about the x-axis;

(ii) the orthogonal projection of the vector $(1, -1)$ to the y-axis;

(iii) the image of the vector $(1, 2)$ under a rotation through the angle $\frac{-\pi}{3}$ about the origin.

(v) the image of the vector $(1, -2, 5)$ under a rotation through the angle $\frac{\pi}{4}$ about z-axis.

(v) the image of the vector $(1, -2, 3)$ under a dilation with factor 2.