

MAU44404 General Relativity
Homework 7 due 31/03/2023

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SS Theoretical Physics

Problem 4*

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= a \sin \theta_1 & \implies dx_1 &= a \cos \theta_1 d\theta_1 \\ x_j &= a \alpha_j \cos \theta_j, j = 2, 3, 4, 5 & \implies dx_j &= a (\cos \theta_1 d\alpha_j - \alpha_j \sin \theta_1 d\theta_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= \sum_{i=1}^5 x_i^2 \\ &= a^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 + \sum_{j=2}^5 a^2 \alpha_j^2 \cos^2 \theta_1 \\ \implies 1 &= \sin^2 \theta_1 + \cos^2 \theta_1 \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j^2 \\ \implies \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j^2 &= 1 \\ \implies \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j d\alpha_j &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ds^2 &= \sum_{i=1}^5 dx_i^2 \\ &= a^2 \cos^2 \theta_1 d\theta_1^2 + \sum_{j=2}^5 a^2 (\cos^2 \theta_1 d\alpha_j^2 + \alpha_j^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 d\theta_1^2 - 2\alpha_j \cos \theta_1 \sin \theta_1 d\alpha_j d\theta_1) \\ &= a^2 \left[\left(\cos^2 \theta_1 + \sin^2 \theta_1 \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j^2 \right) d\theta_1^2 + \cos^2 \theta_1 \sum_{j=2}^5 d\alpha_j^2 - 2 \cos \theta_1 \sin \theta_1 d\theta_1 \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j d\alpha_j \right] \\ &= a^2 \left(d\theta_1^2 + \cos^2 \theta_1 \sum_{j=2}^5 d\alpha_j^2 - 0 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_2 &= \cos \theta_2 & \implies d\alpha_2 &= -\sin \theta_2 d\theta_2 \\ \alpha_k &= \beta_k \sin \theta_2, k = 3, 4, 5 & \implies d\alpha_k &= \sin \theta_2 d\beta_k + \beta_k \cos \theta_2 d\theta_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1 &= \sum_{j=2}^5 \alpha_j^2 \\
&= \cos^2 \theta_2 + \sin^2 \theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k^2 \\
\implies \sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k^2 &= 1 \\
\implies \sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k d\beta_k &= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{j=2}^5 d\alpha_j^2 &= \sin^2 \theta_2 d\theta_2^2 + \sum_{k=3}^5 (\sin^2 \theta_2 d\beta_k^2 + \beta_k^2 \cos^2 \theta_2 d\theta_2^2 + 2\beta_k \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 d\beta_k d\theta_2) \\
&= \left(\sin^2 \theta_2 + \cos^2 \theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k^2 \right) d\theta_2^2 + \sin^2 \theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 d\beta_k^2 + 2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 d\theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k d\beta_k \\
&= d\theta_2^2 + \sin^2 \theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 d\beta_k^2 + 0 \\
\implies ds^2 &= a^2 \left[d\theta_1^2 + \cos \theta_1^2 \left(d\theta_2^2 + \sin^2 \theta_2 \sum_{k=3}^5 d\beta_k^2 \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\beta_3 &= \sin \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 & \implies d\beta_3 &= \cos \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 d\theta_3 - \sin \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 d\theta_4 \\
\beta_4 &= \sin \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 & \implies d\beta_4 &= \cos \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 d\theta_3 + \sin \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 d\theta_4 \\
\beta_5 &= \cos \theta_3 & \implies d\beta_5 &= -\sin \theta_3 d\theta_3
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{k=3}^5 \beta_k^2 &= \sin^2 \theta_3 \cos^2 \theta_4 + \sin^2 \theta_3 \sin^2 \theta_4 + \cos^2 \theta_3 \\
&= \sin^2 \theta_3 (\cos^2 \theta_4 + \sin^2 \theta_4) + \cos^2 \theta_3 \\
&= 1 \implies \text{coordinate changes meets the constraint}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{k=3}^5 d\beta_k^2 &= \cos^2 \theta_3 \cos^2 \theta_4 d\theta_3^2 + \sin^2 \theta_3 \sin^2 \theta_4 d\theta_4^2 - 2 \cos \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 \sin \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 d\theta_3 d\theta_4 \\
&\quad + \cos^2 \theta_3 \sin^2 \theta_4 d\theta_3^2 + \sin^2 \theta_3 \cos^2 \theta_4 d\theta_4^2 + 2 \cos \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 \sin \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 d\theta_3 d\theta_4 \\
&\quad + \sin^2 \theta_3 d\theta_3^2 \\
&= [\cos^2 \theta_3 (\cos^2 \theta_4 + \sin^2 \theta_4) + \sin^2 \theta_3] d\theta_3^2 + \sin^2 \theta_3 (\cos^2 \theta_4 + \sin^2 \theta_4) d\theta_4^2 + 0 \\
&= d\theta_3^2 + \sin^2 \theta_3 d\theta_4^2 \\
\implies ds^2 &= a^2 \{ d\theta_1^2 + \cos^2 \theta_1 [d\theta_2^2 + \sin^2 \theta_2 (d\theta_3^2 + \sin^2 \theta_3 d\theta_4^2)] \}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5*

$$\begin{aligned}
x_5 = ix_0 &\implies ds^2 = -dx_0^2 + \sum_{i=1}^4 dx_i^2, & a^2 = -x_0^2 + \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 \\
x_0 = \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} \sinh t &\implies dx_0 = \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} \cosh t dt - \frac{r}{\sqrt{a^2 - r^2}} \sinh t dr \\
x_1 = \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} \cosh t &\implies dx_1 = \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} \sinh t dt - \frac{r}{\sqrt{a^2 - r^2}} \cosh t dr \\
-dx_0^2 + dx_1^2 &= -(a^2 + r^2) \cosh^2 t dt^2 - \frac{r^2}{a^2 - r^2} \sinh^2 t dr^2 + 2r \sinh t \cosh t dt dr \\
&\quad + (a^2 + r^2) \sinh^2 t dt^2 + \frac{r^2}{a^2 - r^2} \cosh^2 t dr^2 - 2r \sinh t \cosh t dt dr \\
&= -(a^2 - r^2) dt^2 + \frac{r^2}{a^2 - r^2} dr^2 & (1) \\
-x_0^2 + x_1^2 &= -(a^2 - r^2) \sinh^2 t + (a^2 - r^2) \cosh^2 t \\
&= a^2 - r^2 \\
&\implies a^2 = a^2 - r^2 + \sum_{j=2}^4 x_j^2 \\
&\implies r^2 = \sum_{j=2}^4 x_j^2 \\
x_2 = r \sin \theta \cos \phi &\implies dx_2 = \sin \theta \cos \phi dr + r \cos \theta \cos \phi d\theta - r \sin \theta \sin \phi d\phi \\
x_3 = r \sin \theta \sin \phi &\implies dx_3 = \sin \theta \sin \phi dr + r \cos \theta \sin \phi d\theta + r \sin \theta \cos \phi d\phi \\
x_4 = r \cos \theta &\implies dx_4 = \cos \theta dr - r \sin \theta d\theta \\
\sum_{j=2}^4 x_j^2 &= r^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi + r^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \\
&= r^2 [\sin^2 \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi) + \cos^2 \theta] \\
&= r^2 \implies \text{coordinate change meets the constraint} \\
\sum_{i=2}^4 dx_i^2 &= \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi dr^2 + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi d\phi^2 \\
&\quad + 2r \sin \theta \cos \theta \cos^2 \phi dr d\theta - 2r \sin^2 \theta \cos \phi \sin \phi dr d\phi - 2r^2 \cos \theta \sin \theta \cos \phi \sin \phi d\theta d\phi \\
&\quad + \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi dr^2 + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi d\phi^2 \\
&\quad + 2r \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin^2 \phi dr d\theta + 2r \sin^2 \theta \sin \phi \cos \phi dr d\phi + 2r^2 \cos \theta \sin \theta \sin \phi \cos \phi d\theta d\phi \\
&\quad + \cos^2 \theta dr^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\theta^2 - 2r \cos \theta \sin \theta dr d\theta \\
&= [\sin^2 \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi) + \cos^2 \theta] dr^2 + r^2 [\cos^2 \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi) + \sin^2 \theta] d\theta^2 \\
&\quad + r^2 \sin^2 \theta (\sin^2 \phi + \cos^2 \phi) d\phi^2 + 2r \sin \theta \cos \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi - 1) dr d\theta + 0 + 0 \\
&= dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2 & (2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(1), (2) \implies ds^2 &= -(a^2 - r^2) dt^2 + \frac{r^2}{a^2 - r^2} dr^2 + dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2 \\
&= -(a^2 - r^2) dt^2 + \frac{a^2}{a^2 - r^2} dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega_2^2
\end{aligned}$$