

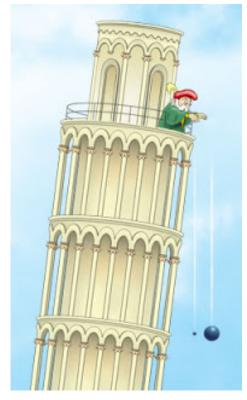
# **Theoretical Physics (TR035)**

Jan Manschot

Course Coordinator for TR035

#### Welcome to Theoretical Physics at TCD!



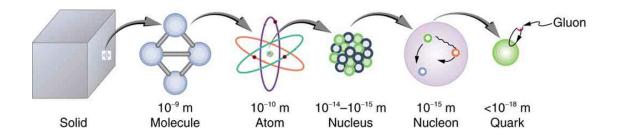


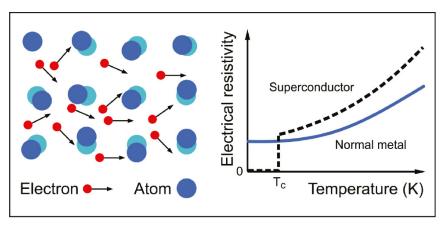
Galileo Galilei, approx 1592

The speed of falling objects can be determined using *Conservation of Energy*.

Would you also like to know: Why is energy conserved?

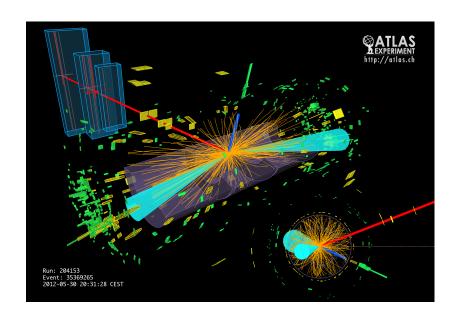
#### Solids consist of molecules, which consist of atoms, which consist of ....





Zeitschrift für Naturforschung B 75, 1-2

Would you like to understand the exotic phenomena, such as superconductivity?

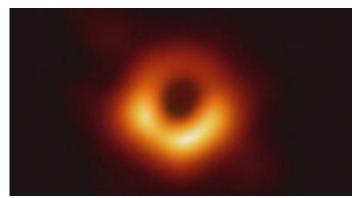


Would you like to understand the structure of *the tiniest constituents* of Nature?

# Newton's Universal Law of Gravitation describes planetary motion.



Phys. Rev. D92 (2015)



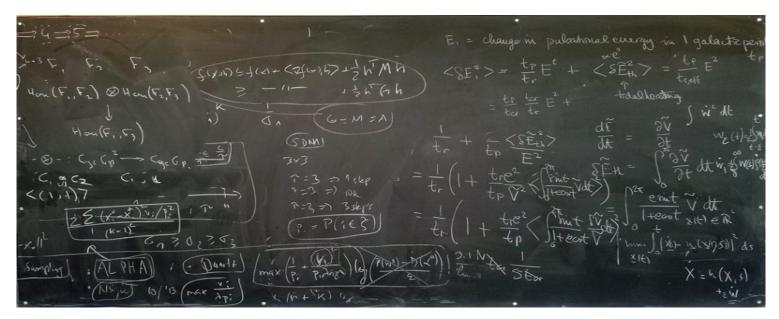
**Event Horizon Telescope collaboration** 

Would you be interested to understand the dynamics of *black holes*?

For example: Three solar masses within ±3km.

If yes, Theoretical Physics might be the right course for you!

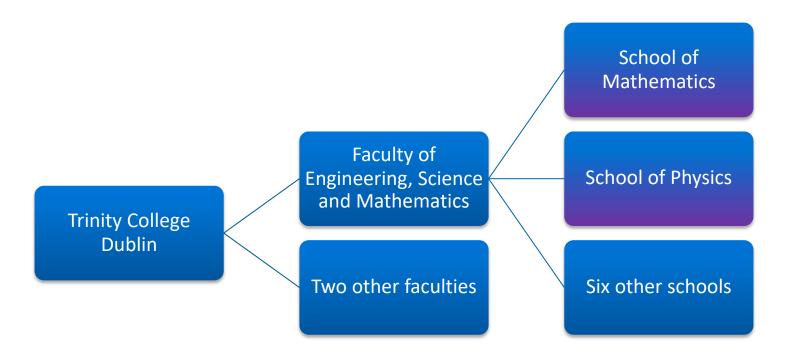
# We describe fundamental physical phenomena using mathematics.



**Edinburgh Common Room** 

## Theoretical Physics at TCD

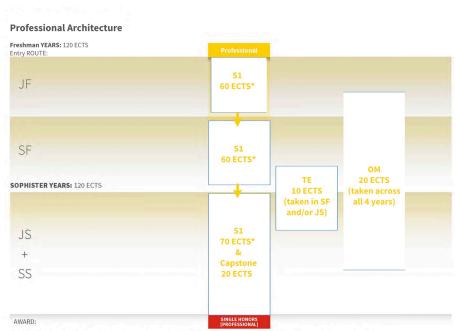
TP modules are taught by the School of Mathematics and the School of Physics:



#### Theoretical Physics TR035

#### TP and Trinity Education Project:

- TP is one of courses with a Professional Architecture
- Accredited by Institute of Physics
- Single entry and single exit



\*ECTS in S1 varies depending on when OM/ TE are taken as prescribed by the programme. Capstone Project is taken in SS year

KEY: S1 - Subject 1| S2 - Subject 2| OM - Open Modules | TE - Trinity Electives | JF - Junior Freshman | SF - Senior Freshman | JS - Junior Sophister | SS - Senior Sophister

#### Competitive entry

- Entry requirement:
   B in Leaving Certificate at Higher Level in both Mathematics and Physics
- Required CAO points are typically in the range 540-570

#### Course Structure

#### Year 1

- School of Maths: Calculus, Linear Algebra, Mechanics, Techniques for TP
- <u>School of Physics</u>: Special relativity, Optics, Statistics, Electro-magnetism,
   Quantum Mechanics, Laboratory work

#### Year 2

- <u>School of Maths</u>: Advanced Mechanics, Math. Techniques, Analysis, Geometry
- <u>School of Physics</u>: Thermodynamics, Electro-magnetism, Materials, Chaos and Complexity, Nuclear and Particle Physics, the Universe, Laboratory work
- Module choice to develop your individual expertise: Trinity Electives and Open Modules

#### Course Structure

#### Year 3

- School of Maths: Statistical Physics, Electrodynamics, Quantum Mechanics,...
- <u>School of Physics</u>: Atomic & Statistical Physics, Condensed Matter Physics, Laboratory work,...
- Open modules

#### Year 4

- <u>School of Maths</u>: Standard Model, Quantum Field Theory, General Relativity, Simulations,...
- School of Physics: Condensed Matter Theory, Nanoscience, Cosmology,...
- Capstone research project

### Capstone project

- Every student@TCD will have the opportunity for a Capstone project
- Wide range of subjects for Theoretical Physics:
- 1. Solid state physics
- 2. Condensed matter
- 3. Fundamental interactions
- 4. Quantum field theory
- 5. Quantum gravity
- 6. Cosmology
- 7. Holography
- 8. ....
- Supervised by TCD staff, who actively research these subjects
- 20 ECTS which is about 33% of the year



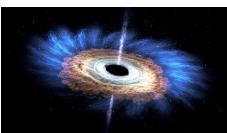
# After graduating

Many of our graduates continue with a PhD to start an academic career. Trinity College has a long tradition of leading theoretical physicists:

Hamilton



Synge



Possibly you in the future?

Schrödinger

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}\Psi + V\Psi = E\Psi$$

Fitzgerald



Besides academia, our graduates find employment in the tech, software and financial sectors.



Looking forward to welcoming you to Theoretical Physics next September!

Thank you for your attention.