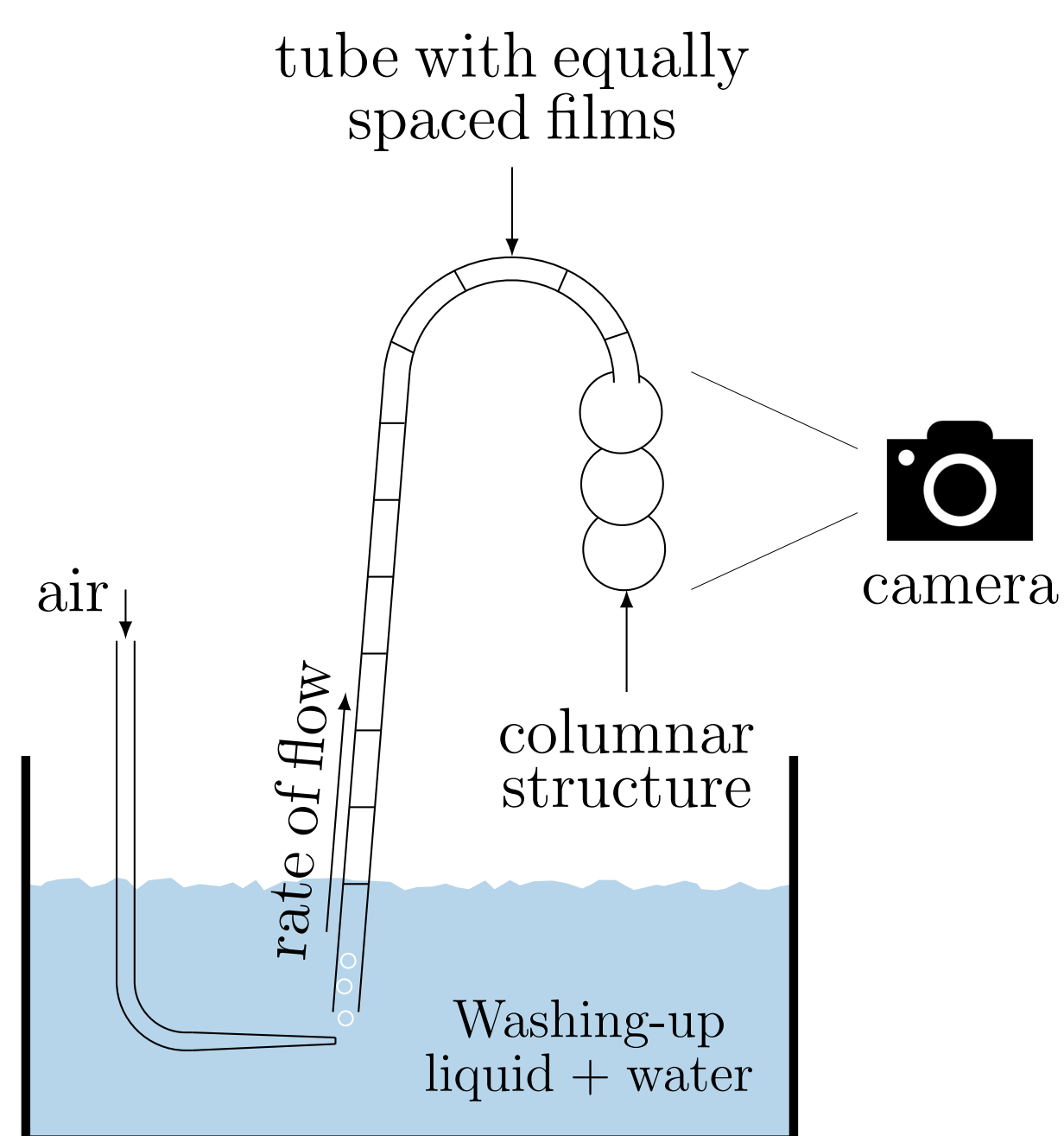


## Experimental set-up



Schematic set-up of experiment

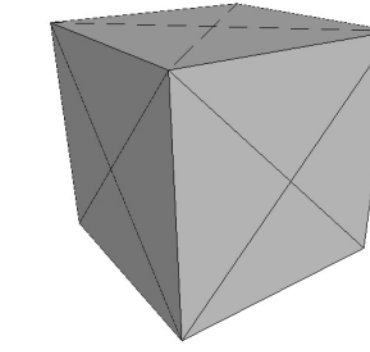
### Experimental procedure

1. Hose is filled with equal-sized bubbles
2. Addition of bubbles pushes bubbles out at the top
3. these crystallise spontaneously into complex ordered structures
4. type of structure depends on rate of flow

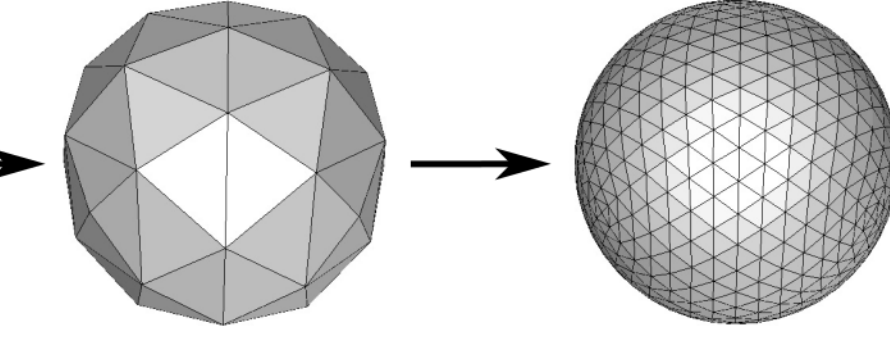
- [1] Mann, Stephens. "Bubble formation in glass tubes", *Phil. Mag.*, Vol. 15, pp. 143–146, (1933)
- [2] Tobin, Barry, Meagher, Bulfin, O'Rathaille, Hutzler. "Ordered polyhedral foams in tubes with circular, triangular and square cross-section". *Colloids Surf. A*, Vol. 382, pp. 24–31, (2011)

## Surface Evolver Simulations

Initial surface



Final surface



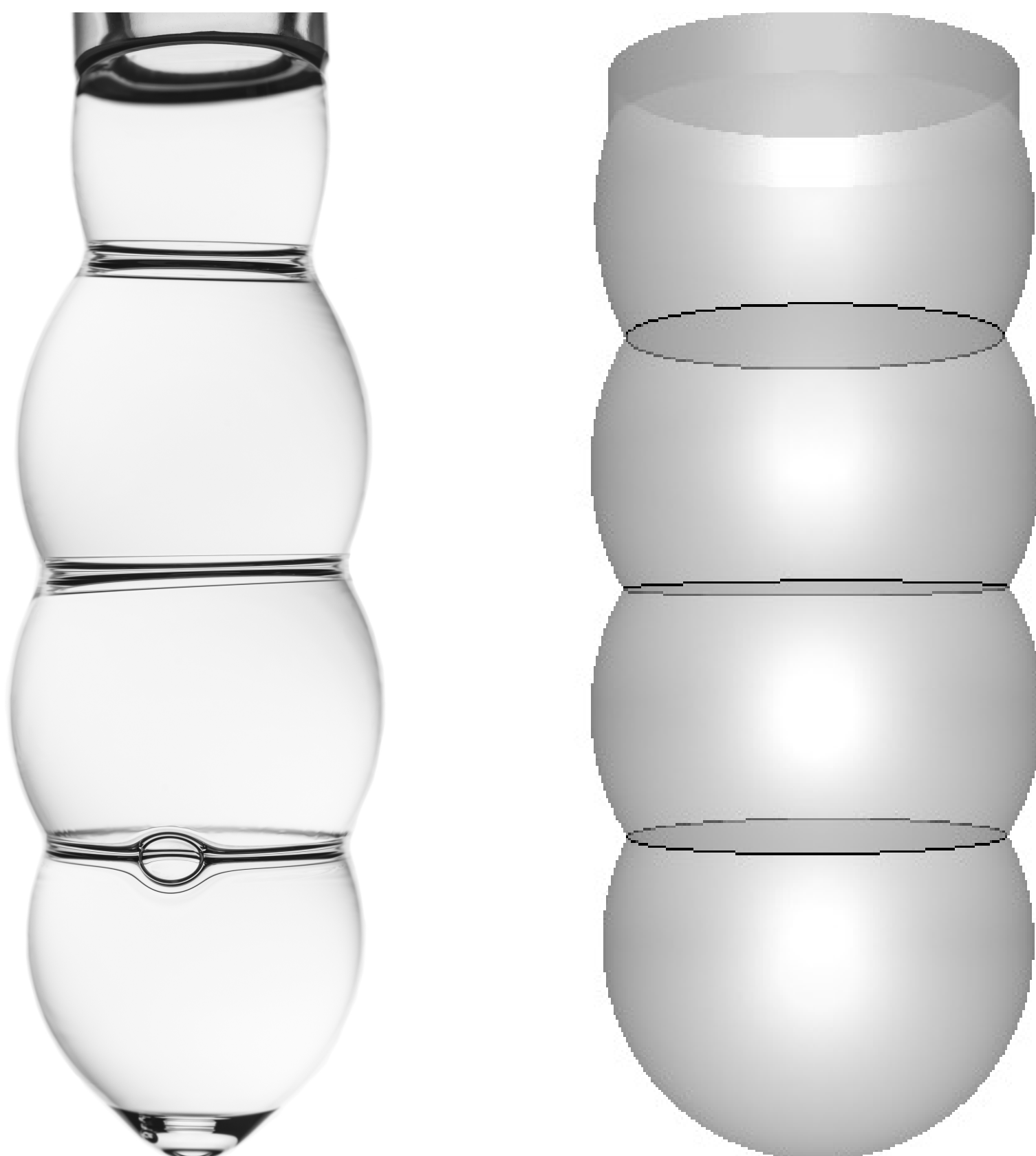
Example of surface minimisation in Surface Evolver by triangular tessellation

- We use *Surface Evolver* to investigate the emergence of such structures
- Initial surface is a confined columnar foam structure inside a tube
- **Modifications** to initial surface before surface minimisation:
  - Cylindrical walls are removed
  - Bubbles at the top are fixed
  - Gravity in vertical direction is added
- Gravity and fixing the sphere at the top stretches the structure

- [3] Brakke. "The Surface Evolver". *Experimental Mathematics*, Vol. 1, pp. 141–165, (1992)

**We present experimental results and *Surface Evolver* simulations of ordered columnar bubble packings. Different to previous findings in [1, 2] the structures do not require cylindrical confinement. The arrangement are reminiscent to biological structures.**

### (1, 1, 0) Bamboo structure

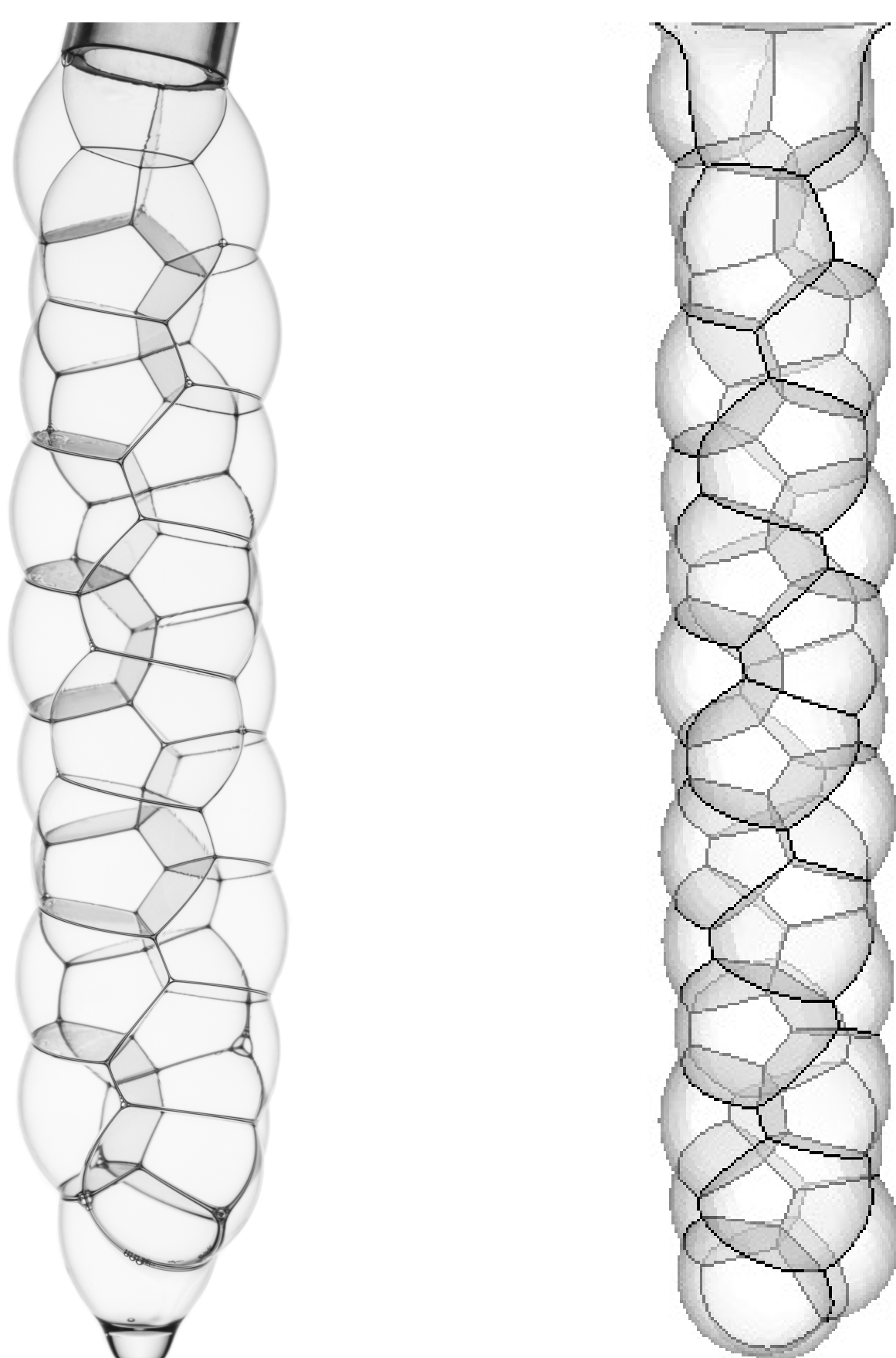


- [4] Flickr user "Brissy Girl - Jan Anderson". (2009) <https://www.flickr.com/photos/40132175@N06/4181373100/>

### (6, 3, 3) Kelvin cells structure



### (3, 2, 1) Chiral structure



### (4, 2, 2) Double staircase structure

