## MA22S3 Tutorial Sheet 6.<sup>12</sup>

## 25 November 2010

## Useful facts:

• To solve the equation  $\dot{y} + py = f$  multiply across by an integrating factor

$$\lambda(t) = e^{I(t)} = \exp\left(\int_{a}^{t} p(\tau)d\tau\right) \tag{1}$$

and express the right hand side as the derivative of a product.

• This gives solution

$$y(t) = y(a)e^{-I(t)} + e^{-I(t)} \int_{a}^{t} f(\tau)e^{I(\tau)}d\tau$$
(2)

• To solve the equation  $a\ddot{y} + b\dot{y} + cy = 0$ , with a, b and c constants, use an exponential substitution  $y = \exp(\lambda t)$  and solve for  $\lambda$ . Usually this will give two solutions  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$  so

$$y = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} \tag{3}$$

## Questions

- 1. (2) Obtain the solution to  $\dot{y} 3y = e^{-t}$  with y(0) = 1; since an initial condition is chosen at t = 0, choose a = 0.
- 2. (2) Obtain a general solution to  $(t+1)\dot{y} + y = (t+1)^2$
- 3. (2) Obtain the general solution to

$$\ddot{y} + \dot{y} - 2y = 0 \tag{4}$$

4. (2) Obtain the general solution to

$$\ddot{y} + 6\dot{y} + 8y = 0 \tag{5}$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Conor Houghton, houghton@maths.tcd.ie, see also http://www.maths.tcd.ie/~houghton/MA22S3 <sup>2</sup>Including material from Chris Ford, to whom many thanks.