## MA22S3 Tutorial Sheet 5.12

## 5 November 2009

## Useful facts:

• Cosine and sine in terms of exponentials:

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$
(1)

• The **Fourier integral** or Fourier transform:

$$f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \, \widetilde{f(k)} e^{ikt}$$
$$\widetilde{f(k)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \, f(t) e^{-ikt}$$

• The Dirac delta function:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)\delta(t)dt = f(0)$$

## Questions

1. (4) Express the following function as a Fourier integral:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos t & |t| < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & |t| > \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

One way to do the required integral is to split the cosine into exponentials.

2. (4) Do the following integrals

(a) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t)(t^2 + 3t + 5)dt \tag{2}$$

(b) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - \pi/4) \sin t dt \tag{3}$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Conor Houghton, houghton@maths.tcd.ie, see also http://www.maths.tcd.ie/~houghton/MA22S3 <sup>2</sup>Including material from Chris Ford, to whom many thanks.

(c) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-1) \ln t dt$$
 (4)

(d) 
$$\int_{-3}^{3} \delta(t-4)(t^2+3t+5)dt \tag{5}$$