

## MA22S3 Tutorial Sheet 1.<sup>1</sup>

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Useful facts:

- **Trigonometric identities:** adding angles

$$\begin{aligned}\sin A \pm B &= \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B \\ \cos A \pm B &= \cos A \cos B \mp \sin A \sin B.\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

- **Trigonometric identities:** products

$$\begin{aligned}\cos A \cos B &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(A - B) + \cos(A + B)] \\ \sin A \sin B &= \frac{1}{2}[\cos(A - B) - \cos(A + B)] \\ \sin A \cos B &= \frac{1}{2}[\sin(A + B) + \sin(A - B)].\end{aligned}\tag{2}$$

- **Trigonometric identities:** double angles

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2A &= 2 \sin A \cos A \\ \cos 2A &= \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A.\end{aligned}\tag{3}$$

- **Even and odd:** A function is *even* if  $f(t) = f(-t)$  and *odd* if  $f(t) = -f(-t)$ .
- **Periodic:** A function is periodic if for some constant  $L$ ,  $f(t+L) = f(t)$ . The smallest such  $L$  is called the *period*.

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## Questions

1. (2) Establish that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} dt \sin mt \cos nt = 0 \quad (4)$$

for integers  $n$  and  $m$ .

2. (2) Establish that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} dt \sin mt \sin nt = 0, \quad (5)$$

if  $m \neq n$  (both  $m$  and  $n$  are positive integers). What happens when  $m = n$ ? By the way, the same story holds for  $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} dx \cos mt \cos nt$  but you need not do that one for this problem sheet.

3. (2) Show by checking whether  $f(t) = -f(-t)$  for odd,  $f(t) = f(-t)$  for even and neither for neither which of the following are odd, even or neither:  $\sin t$ ,  $t^3 + t$ ,  $t^3 + 2t^2$  and  $|t|$ .
4. (2) What is the period of  $\sin(2\pi t/L)$  and  $\cos(2\pi t/L)$ ?