## **231** Tutorial Sheet $7^{12}$

## 25 November 2005

## Useful facts:

• The Gauss Divergence Theorem: If D is connected region in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with a piecewise smooth surface S oriented to point out of D and if  $\mathbf{F}$  is a vector field defined in a region containing D and with continuous derivatives then

$$\int_{D} dV \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} = \int_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{dA}$$
(1)

## Questions

- 1. Which of the following vector fields are conservative?
  - (a)  $\mathbf{F} = -yz \sin x \, \mathbf{i} + z \cos x \, \mathbf{j} + y \cos x \, \mathbf{k}.$
  - (b) **F** =  $\frac{1}{2}y$  **i**  $\frac{1}{2}x$  **j**.
  - (c)  $\mathbf{F} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{r})$  where **B** is a constant vector.
- 2. Using Gauss' theorem or otherwise compute the flux of the vector field  $\mathbf{F} = x^3 \mathbf{i} + y^3 \mathbf{j} + z^3 \mathbf{k}$  through the hemisphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ ,  $z \ge 0$  with the orientation taken upwards. What is the flux out of the whole sphere?
- 3. Consider, again, the vector field

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r^3}, \qquad \mathbf{r} = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}.$$

- (a) Compute the flux of  $\mathbf{F}$  out of a sphere of radius a centred at the origin.
- (b) Compute the flux of **F** out of the box  $1 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le 1, 0 \le z \le 1$ .
- (c) Compute the flux of **F** out of the box  $-1 \le x \le 1, -1 \le y \le 1, -1 \le z \le 1$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Conor Houghton, houghton@maths.tcd.ie, see also http://www.maths.tcd.ie/~houghton/231 <sup>2</sup>Including material from Chris Ford, to whom many thanks.