

I rewrite  $\vec{E}$  with all  $\beta \cdot \dot{\beta}$  removed (since  $\beta \cdot \dot{\beta} = 0$ ):

$$\text{let } a = \gamma c R (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{e}{a} \left\{ \frac{R c \dot{\vec{\beta}}}{a} - \frac{R \gamma c \dot{\vec{\beta}} - R \vec{n} \dot{\gamma} c}{a^2} \left[ -c^2 - R c \gamma^2 \vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}} \right] \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= -\frac{e}{a} \left\{ \frac{R c \gamma^2 \dot{\vec{\beta}}}{a} + \frac{R \gamma c^3 \dot{\vec{\beta}}}{a^2} - \frac{R \gamma c^3 \vec{n}}{a^2} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c^2 \dot{\vec{\beta}} (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a^2} - \frac{R \gamma^2 c^2 \vec{n} (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a^2} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= -\frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \gamma \dot{\vec{\beta}} + \frac{c^2 \dot{\vec{\beta}}}{a} - \frac{c^2 \vec{n}}{a} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c \dot{\vec{\beta}} (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} - \frac{R \gamma^2 c \vec{n} (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= -\frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \gamma \dot{\vec{\beta}} + \frac{c^2 \dot{\vec{\beta}}}{a} - \frac{c^2 \vec{n}}{a} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c (\dot{\vec{\beta}} - \vec{n}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= -\frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \gamma \dot{\vec{\beta}} + \frac{c^2 (\dot{\vec{\beta}} - \vec{n})}{a} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c (\dot{\vec{\beta}} - \vec{n}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= \frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \frac{c^2 (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} - \gamma \dot{\vec{\beta}} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= \frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \frac{c^2 (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} - \frac{R \gamma^2 c \dot{\vec{\beta}} (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})}{a} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= \frac{R c \gamma e}{a^2} \left\{ \frac{c^2 (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c}{a} \left[ (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}}) - \dot{\vec{\beta}} (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n}) \right] \right\}_{t=t_0}$$

$$= \frac{R c \gamma e (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{\gamma^3 c^3 R^3 (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})^3} \Big|_{t=t_0} + \frac{R \gamma^2 c^2}{\gamma^3 c^3 R^3 (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})^3} \left[ (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}}) (\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}}) - \dot{\vec{\beta}} (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n}) \right]_{t=t_0}$$

see vector identity overleaf

$$= \left[ \frac{e (\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}})}{a^2 (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})^3} \right] + \left[ \frac{e}{a^2 (1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{n})^3} (\vec{n} \times [(\vec{n} - \dot{\vec{\beta}}) \times \dot{\vec{\beta}}]) \right]$$

We use the vector identity  $A \times (B \times C) = B(A \cdot C) - C(A \cdot B)$

$$\vec{n} \times ((\vec{n} - \vec{\beta}) \times \dot{\vec{\beta}}) =$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = \vec{n} \\ B = \vec{n} - \vec{\beta} \\ C = \dot{\vec{\beta}} \end{array}$$

$$= (\vec{n} - \vec{\beta})(\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}}) - \dot{\vec{\beta}} [\vec{n} \cdot (\vec{n} - \vec{\beta})]$$

$$= (\vec{n} - \vec{\beta})(\vec{n} \cdot \dot{\vec{\beta}}) - \dot{\vec{\beta}} (1 - \vec{n} \cdot \vec{\beta})$$