# MA1E01: Tutorial week 10

#### REMEMBER TO HAND BEFORE THE TUTORIAL STARTS

- Mean value theorem.
- Areas and partitions

## **Problem 1** Prove that the function

$$f(x) = 3x - \sin x + 7$$

has at most one root.

**Problem 2** A function f(x) is continous and differentiable in [0,1]. If  $f'(x) \le 10$  for all  $x \in [0,1]$  and f(0) = 0, what is the maximum possible value of f(x) for x in [0,1].

**NOTE:** If the "proof" seems difficult, try to think in this: "A car starts a journey at a speed that never exceeds 120km/h. What is the maximum distance that can be travelled in 1h?".

## **Problem 3** Our aim is to compute the integral

$$\int_0^1 f \, . \qquad f(x) = x^2$$

in a complicated way.

#### 1. Give a proof that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} (k+1)^3 - \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^3 = (n+1)^3 - 1 \tag{1}$$

(Hint: just write down a few terms, and you will see that most of them cancel in the difference).

On the other hand

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} (k+1)^3 - \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^3 = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left[ (k+1)^3 - k^3 \right] = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left[ 3k^2 + 3k + 1 \right]$$
 (2)

By using equations (1) and (2), show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k^2 = \frac{2n^3 + 3n^2 + n}{6} \tag{3}$$

#### 2. The partition

$$\mathcal{P}_n = \{t_0, t_1, \dots, t_n\} \tag{4}$$

with

$$t_k = \frac{k}{n} \tag{5}$$

divides the interval [0,1] in n equal intervals of the form

$$[t_{k-1}, t_k] = \left\lceil \frac{k-1}{n}, \frac{k}{n} \right\rceil$$

and size 1/n

Find an expression for the Upper and Lower sums

$$U(f, \mathcal{P}_n)$$
  
 $L(f, \mathcal{P}_n)$ 

(You will need the sum of the previous section here)

3. Compute

$$U(f, \mathcal{P}_n) - L(f, \mathcal{P}_n) \tag{6}$$

Can you find partitions Q such that

$$(a)$$

$$U(f, \mathcal{Q}) - L(f, \mathcal{Q}) < 0.1. \tag{7}$$

(b) 
$$U(f, Q) - L(f, Q) < 0.01.$$
 (8)

(c) 
$$U(f, Q) - L(f, Q) < 0.001.$$
 (9)

4. Using the results of the previous sections, show that the integral that we want to compute is actually 1/3.