

## Course 424

## Group Representations III

## Dr Timothy Murphy

Sam Beckett Theatre Wednesday, 10 June 1991 14:00-16:00

> Answer as many questions as you can; all carry the same number of marks.
> Unless otherwise stated, all Lie algebras are over $\mathbb{R}$, and all representations are finite-dimensional over $\mathbb{C}$.

1. Define the exponential $e^{X}$ of a square matrix $X$.

Determine $e^{X}$ in each of the following cases:

$$
X=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 2
\end{array}\right), \quad X=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
0 & 1 \\
1 & 0
\end{array}\right), \quad X=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
0 & -1 \\
1 & 0
\end{array}\right), \quad X=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
1 & 0 \\
0 & -1
\end{array}\right), \quad X=\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right.
$$

Which of these 5 matrices $X$ are themselves expressible in the form $X=e^{Y}$, with (a) $Y$ real, (b) $Y$ complex? (Justify your answers in all cases.)
2. Define a linear group, and a Lie algebra; and define the Lie algebra $\mathscr{L} G$ of a linear group $G$, showing that it is indeed a Lie algebra.
Determine the Lie algebras of $\mathbf{S U}(2)$ and $\mathbf{S O}(3)$, and show that they are isomomorphic.
3. Define a representation of a Lie algebra; and show how each representation $\alpha$ of a linear group $G$ gives rise to a representation $\mathscr{L} \alpha$ of $\mathscr{L} G$.
Determine the Lie algebra of $\mathbf{S L}(2, \mathbb{R})$; and show that this Lie algebra $\mathbf{s l}(2, \mathbb{R})$ has just 1 simple representation of each dimension $1,2,3, \ldots$.
4. What is meant by saying that a connected linear group $G$ is simplyconnected? Show that $\mathbf{S U}(2)$ is simply-connected.
Sketch the proof that if the linear group $G$ is connected and simplyconnected then every representation of $\mathscr{L} G$ lifts to a representation of $G$.

Show that if 2 real Lie algebras have the same complexification then their representations (over $\mathbb{C}$ ) correspond. Hence or otherwise show that all the representations of $\mathbf{s l}(2, \mathbb{R})$ are semisimple.
5. Show that every connected abelian linear group $A$ is isomorphic to

$$
\mathbb{T}^{m} \times \mathbb{R}^{n}
$$

for some $m$ and $n$, where $\mathbb{T}$ denotes the torus $\mathbb{R} / \mathbb{Z}$
Express the multiplicative group $\mathbb{C}^{\times}$in this form.

