



Course 424

Group Representations Ia

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Seminar Room Friday, 24 January 2003 15:00–17:00

Attempt 6 questions. (If you attempt more, only the best 6 will be counted.) All questions carry the same number of marks.

Unless otherwise stated, all groups are finite, and all representations are of finite degree over \mathbb{C} .

1. Define a *group representation*. What is meant by saying that the representation α is *simple*?

Show that every simple representation of G is of degree $\leq |G|$.

Determine all simple representations of the quaternion group $Q_8 = \{\pm 1, \pm i, \pm j, \pm k\}$ (up to equivalence) from first principles.

2. What is meant by saying that the representation α is *semisimple*?

Prove that every representation α of a finite group G (of finite degree over \mathbb{C}) is semisimple.

Define the *intertwining number* $I(\alpha, \beta)$ of 2 representations α, β .

Show that the simple parts of a semisimple representation are unique up to order.

3. Define the *character* $\chi_\alpha(g)$ of a representation α .

Explain how an action of a group G on a finite set X gives rise to a (permutation) representation α of G .

Show that

$$\chi_\alpha(g) = |\{x \in X : gx = x\}|.$$

Determine the characters of S_4 defined by its actions on the set $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and the set Y consisting of the 6 subsets of X containing 2 elements.

Hence or otherwise draw up the character table of S_4 .

4. Show that if the simple representations of G are $\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_s$ then

$$\dim^2 \sigma_1 + \dots + \dim^2 \sigma_s = |G|.$$

Determine the degrees of the simple representations of S_5 .

5. Show that a simple representation of an abelian group is necessarily of degree 1.

Prove conversely that if every simple representation of G is of degree 1 then G must be abelian.

Show that the simple representations of an abelian group G themselves form a group (under multiplication) isomorphic to G .

6. Draw up the character table of D_5 (the symmetry group of a regular pentagon).

Determine also the *representation ring* of D_5 , ie express each product of simple representations of D_5 as a sum of simple representations.

7. Draw up the character table of the alternating group A_4 .

8. By considering the eigenvalues of 5-cycles, or otherwise, show that S_n has no simple representations of degree 2 or 3 if $n \geq 5$.