The explicit formula for the Riemann tensor¹

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This calculation isn't too bad when you actually sit down and do it. First, by definition

$$\nabla_a(\nabla_b U_c) - \nabla_b(\nabla_a U_c) = R_{abc}{}^d U_d. \tag{1}$$

Now $\nabla_b U_c$ is a (0,2) tensor, so

$$\nabla_a(\nabla_b U_c) = (\nabla_b U_c)_{,a} - \Gamma^d_{ab} \nabla_d U_c - \Gamma^d_{ac} \nabla_b U_d \tag{2}$$

Next, we know

$$\nabla_b U_c = U_{c,b} - \Gamma^d_{bc} U_d \tag{3}$$

SO

$$\nabla_a(\nabla_b U_c) = U_{c,a,b} - \Gamma^d_{bc,a} U_d - \Gamma^d_{bc} U_{d,a} - \Gamma^d_{ab} U_{c,d} + \Gamma^d_{ab} \Gamma^e_{dc} U_e - \Gamma^d_{ac} U_{d,b} + \Gamma^d_{ac} \Gamma^e_{bd} U_e$$
(4)

and moving terms around this is

$$\nabla_a(\nabla_b U_c) = U_{c,a,b} - \Gamma^d_{ab} U_{c,d} + \Gamma^d_{ab} \Gamma^e_{dc} U_e - \Gamma^d_{bc} U_{d,a} - \Gamma^d_{ac} U_{d,b} - \Gamma^d_{bc,a} U_d + \Gamma^e_{ac} \Gamma^d_{be} U_d$$
(5)

We can see that the first three terms are symmetric in a and b on there own and the fifth and fourth term are symmetric in a and b together. Hence

$$\nabla_a(\nabla_b U_c) - \nabla_b(\nabla_a U_c) = -\Gamma^d_{bc,a} U_d + \Gamma^d_{ac,b} U_d + \Gamma^e_{ac} \Gamma^d_{be} U_d - \Gamma^e_{bc} \Gamma^d_{ae} U_d.$$
(6)

Hence, by arbitrarity of U_d we get

$$R_{abc}^{\ \ d} = \Gamma^d_{ac,b} - \Gamma^d_{bc,a} + \Gamma^e_{ac} \Gamma^d_{be} - \Gamma^e_{bc} \Gamma^d_{ae} \tag{7}$$

as required.

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