2009/10 Schol paper 2, my questions, draft version.

This was the second schol paper, for students only doing one maths module.

- 1. Find the Fourier series for f(t) where f(t) = |t| when $-\pi < t < \pi$ and $f(t + 2\pi) = f(t)$.
- 2. The convolution of two functions f(t) and g(t) is

$$f * g(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau)g(t-\tau)d\tau$$

Show that

$$\mathcal{F}(f * g) = 2\pi \mathcal{F}(f) \mathcal{F}(g)$$

3. Find the general solution of

$$\ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + 2 = e^t$$

and write it in an explicitly real form.

4. Using the method of Fröbenius, or otherwise, find the general solution to

$$t\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} - \alpha ty = 0$$

where $\alpha > 0$.

Some useful formula

• A function with period L has the Fourier series expansion

$$f(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{L}\right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{L}\right).$$

where

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{L} \int_{-L/2}^{L/2} f(t) dt$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_{-L/2}^{L/2} f(t) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{L}\right) dt$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_{-L/2}^{L/2} f(t) \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{L}\right) dt$$

• A function with period L has the Fourier series expansion

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \exp \frac{2i\pi nt}{L}.$$

where

$$c_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L/2}^{L/2} f(t) \exp\left(\frac{-2i\pi nt}{L}\right) dt$$

• The Fourier integral or Fourier transform:

$$f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \, \widetilde{f(k)} e^{ikt}$$

$$\widetilde{f(k)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \, f(t) e^{-ikt}$$