

# Results for Mandelstam variables

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The Mandelstam variables are defined as follows

$$s = (k + p)^2 = (k' + p')^2$$

$$t = (p' - p)^2 = (k - k')^2$$

$$u = (k' - p)^2 = (p' - k)^2$$

using  $p \cdot p = p' \cdot p' = m^2$  and  $k \cdot k = k' \cdot k' = M^2$  because of elastic scattering we can square above to get.

$$s = m^2 + M^2 + 2p \cdot k = m^2 + M^2 + 2p' \cdot k'$$

$$t = 2m^2 - 2p \cdot p' = 2M^2 - 2k \cdot k'$$

$$u = m^2 + M^2 - 2p \cdot k' = m^2 + M^2 - 2p' \cdot k$$

hence we see that

$$p \cdot k = p' \cdot k'$$

$$p \cdot k' = p' \cdot k$$

and we have the defining relation

$$s + t + u = \sum_{i=1}^4 m_i^2$$

Which in our case of elastic scattering is

$$s + t + u = 2m^2 + 2M^2$$

Rearranging the  $t$  equation we get

$$p \cdot p' = \left(m^2 - \frac{t}{2}\right)$$

$$k \cdot k' = \left(M^2 - \frac{t}{2}\right)$$

Similarly for  $s$  and  $u$

$$p' \cdot k = p \cdot k' = \frac{1}{2}(m^2 + M^2 - u)$$

$$p \cdot k = p' \cdot k' = -\frac{1}{2}(m^2 + M^2 - s)$$

For convenience lets define

$$R_\mu = (k_\mu + k'_\mu)$$

$$r_\nu = (p_\nu + p'_\nu)$$

Thus we have

$$R^2 = R^\mu R_\mu = k'^2 + 2k \cdot k' + k^2 = 2M^2 + 2M^2 - t = (4M^2 - t)$$

$$r^2 = r^\nu r_\nu = \dots = (4m^2 - t)$$

Now

$$\begin{aligned} R \cdot r &= R^\mu r_\mu = (p^\mu + p'^\mu)(k_\mu + k'_\mu) = (p \cdot k + p' \cdot k + p \cdot k' + p' \cdot k') \\ &= 2 \left[ -\frac{1}{2}(m^2 + M^2 - s) \right] + 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2}(m^2 + M^2 - u) \right] = 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2}(s - u) \right] \\ &= (s - u) \end{aligned}$$

Similarly

$$R \cdot p = R \cdot p' = r \cdot k = r \cdot k' = \frac{1}{2}(s - u)$$