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CHARACTERIZING THE SPECTRA OF NONNEGATIVE MATRICES

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This is an abstract of the PhD thesis *Characterizing the Spectra of Nonnegative Matrices* written by Anthony Cronin under the supervision of Professor Thomas J Laffey at the School of Mathematical Sciences UCD and submitted in May 2012.

In this thesis we investigate the nonnegative inverse eigenvalue problem (NIEP). This is the problem of characterizing all possible spectra of entrywise nonnegative $n \times n$ matrices. We give a new inequality [1] relating Newton power sums. We then build on perturbation results of Guo [2] and Laffey [3]. Also presented are results for the class of doubly companion matrices and we address some questions of Monov [4]. We examine the classic spectrum (3 + t, 3, -2, -2, -2) and give some new results on the diagonalizable and symmetric nonnegative inverse eigenvalue problems (DNIEP and SNIEP respectively). The main results are:

Theorem 1. Let n > 1 and A be a nonnegative $n \times n$ matrix. Then

$$\Omega := n^2 s_3 - 3n s_1 s_2 + 2s_1^3 + \frac{n-2}{\sqrt{n-1}} (ns_2 - s_1^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \ge 0,$$

where $s_k = trace(A^k), k = 1, 2, 3.$

Theorem 2. Suppose that c is a real number such that, for all integers $n \geq 3$, and all lists $\sigma := (\rho, \lambda, \overline{\lambda}, \lambda_4, \dots, \lambda_n)$ with Perron root ρ and $\lambda \notin \mathbb{R}$, the realizability of σ implies the realizability of $\sigma_c := (\rho + ct, \lambda + t, \overline{\lambda} + t, \lambda_4, \dots, \lambda_n)$, then $c \geq 2$.

Theorem 3. Let $\sigma = (\rho, \lambda_2, \overline{\lambda_2}, \dots, \lambda_n)$ be realizable by a nonnegative matrix A, where ρ is the Perron root and λ_2 and $\overline{\lambda_2}$ are non-real complex conjugates. Then, given any $\epsilon > 0$, the list $(\rho + (2+\epsilon)t, \lambda_2 + t, \overline{\lambda_2} + t, \lambda_4, \dots, \lambda_n)$ is realizable for all sufficiently small t > 0.

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Theorem 4. If $\sigma = (\rho, \lambda_2, ..., \lambda_j, \overline{\lambda_j}, ..., \lambda_n)$, where ρ is the Perron root, is realizable by a nonnegative circulant matrix, then for all t > 0 the list $(\rho + ct, \lambda_2, ..., \lambda_j + t, \overline{\lambda_j} + t, ..., \lambda_n)$ is also realizable by a nonnegative circulant matrix for

$$c \ge \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ 2\cos(\frac{\pi}{n}), & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

Theorem 5. Let

$$f_1(x) = x^n - a_1 x^{n-1} - \dots - a_{n-1} x - a_n$$

$$f_2(x) = x^n - b_1 x^{n-1} - \dots - b_{n-1} x - b_n$$

$$f_3(x) = u_0 + u_1 x + \dots + u_{n-1} x^{n-1}$$

and

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} C(f_1) & N \\ R(f_3) & C(f_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

where $C(f_i)$ is the companion matrix of $f_i(x)$ for i = 1, 2, N is the matrix of all zeros except for a 1 in position (n, 1) and R is the $n \times n$ matrix with last row $(u_0, u_1, \dots, u_{n-1})$ and all other rows zero. Then (a) A has characteristic polynomial $f(x) := f_1(x)f_2(x) - f_3(x)$, (b) if A is nonnegative and $f(x) = x^k F(x)$ where F(x) is a polyno-

(b) if A is nonnegative and f(x) = x F(x) where F(x) is a poignomial of degree 2n - k, where $0 \le k \le n$, then F(x) is the characteristic polynomial of a $(2n - k) \times (2n - k)$ nonnegative matrix.

Theorem 6. Let $f(x) = x^n + p_1 x^{n-1} + p_2 x^{n-2} + \dots + p_{n-1} x + p_n$ be the characteristic polynomial of a nonnegative $n \times n$ matrix A. Then $g(x) = \frac{f'(x)}{n}$ is the characteristic polynomial of a nonnegative $(n-1) \times (n-1)$ matrix for $n \leq 4$ and for $n \in \{5, 6\}$ when trA = 0.

Theorem 7. $SNIEP \neq DNIEP$

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