

## Exercise 1

In exercises 1–3 determine the gcd  $d$  of the given numbers  $m, n$  and find integers  $x, y$  such that  $d = mx + ny$ .

\* 1. 23, 39

\* 2. 87, -144

\* 3. 2317, 2009.

\*\* 4. Given integers  $m, n > 0$  with  $\gcd(m, n) = 1$  show that all integers  $N \geq mn$  are expressible in the form

$$N = mx + ny$$

with  $x, y \geq 0$ .

\*\* 5. Find the greatest integer  $n$  *not* expressible in the form

$$n = 17x + 23y$$

with  $x, y \geq 0$ .

\*\*\* 6. Which integers  $n$  are *not* expressible in the form

$$n = 17x - 23y$$

with  $x, y \geq 0$ ?

\*\* 7. Define the gcd

$$d = \gcd(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_r)$$

of a finite set of integers  $n_1, n_2, \dots, n_r \in \mathbb{Z}$ ; and show that there exist integers  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_r \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that

$$n_1x_1 + n_2x_2 + \dots + n_rx_r = d.$$

\* 8. Find  $x, y, z \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that

$$24x + 30y + 45z = 1.$$

\*\*\* 9. How many ways are there of paying €10 in 1, 2 and 5 cent pieces?

\*\* 10. Show that if  $m, n > 0$  then

$$\gcd(m, n) \cdot \text{lcm}(m, n) = mn.$$

\*\*\* 11. Show that if  $m, n > 0$  then

$$\gcd(m + n, mn) = \gcd(m, n).$$

\*\* 12. Show that if  $n \geq 9$  and both  $n - 2$  and  $n + 2$  are prime then  $3 \mid n$ .

\*\*\* 13. Suppose

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + \cdots + a_nx^n$$

where  $a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Show that  $f(n)$  cannot be a prime for all  $n$  unless  $f(x)$  is constant.

\*\*\* 14. Find all integers  $m, n > 1$  such that

$$m^n = n^m.$$

\*\*\* 15. If  $p^e \parallel n!$  show that

$$e = [n/p] + [n/p^2] + [n/p^3] + \cdots.$$

[Note: if  $p$  is a prime we say that  $p^e$  *exactly divides*  $N$ , and we write  $p \parallel N$  if  $p^e \mid N$  but  $p^{e+1} \nmid N$ .]

\*\*\* 16. How many zeros does  $1000!$  end with?

\*\*\* 17. Prove that  $n!$  divides the product of any  $n$  successive integers.

\*\*\* 18. If  $F_n$  is the  $n$ th Fibonacci number, show that

$$\gcd(F_n, F_{n+1}) = 1$$

and

$$\gcd(F_n, F_{n+2}) = 1.$$

[Note:  $F_0 = 1, F_1 = 2$  and  $F_{n+2} = F_n + F_{n+1}$ .]

\*\* 19. Use the program `/usr/games/primes` on the mathematics computer system to find the next 10 primes after 1 million. [You can find how to use this program by giving the command `man primes`.]

\*\* 20. Use the program `/usr/games/factor` on the mathematics computer system to factorise 123456789. [You can find how to use this program by giving the command `man factor`.]

\*\* 21. Show that the product of two successive integers cannot be a perfect square.

\*\*\* 22. Can the product of three successive integers be a perfect square?

\*\*\*\*\* 23. Show that there are an infinity of integers  $x, y, z > 1$  such that

$$x^x y^y = z^z.$$

\*\*\* 24. Find all positive integers  $m, n, m \neq n$  such that

$$m^n = n^m.$$